# P.R. GOVERNENT COLLEGE (A), KAKINADA II B.Sc. MATHEMATICS-Semester IV (w.e.f. 2017-2018)

**Course: Real Analysis** 

Total Hrs. of Teaching Learning & Evaluation: 90 @ 6 h / Week Total Credits: 05

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

- Be able to understand and write clear mathematical statements and proofs.
- Be able to apply appropriate method for checking whether the given sequence or series is convergent.
- Be able to develop students ability to think and express themselves in a clear logical way.
- This curriculum gives an opportunity to learn about the derivatives of functions and its applications.

## Unit I: Real Number System and Real Sequence

(18 Hrs)

The algebraic and order properties of R – Absolute value and Real line – Completeness property of R – Applications of supreme property – Intervals - Limit point of a set - Existence of limit points. (No questions to be set from this portion)

**Sequences and their limits** – Range and Boundedness of sequences - Necessary and sufficient condition for convergence of Monotone sequence, limit point of a sequence, Subsequences and the Bolzano Weierstrass theorem - Cauchy sequences – Cauchy's general principle of convergence theorems.

Unit II: Infinite Series (15 Hrs)

**Introduction to** Infinite Series – Convergence of series – Cauchy's general principle of convergence for series – Tests for convergence of non negative terms – P - test – Limit comparision test – Cauchy's nth root test – De-Alambert's ratio test - Alternating series – Liebnitz's test - Absolute and conditional convergence.

# **Unit III: Limits and Continuity**

(14 Hrs)

Real valued functions – Boundedness of a function - Limit of a Function, One-sided Limits-Right hand and Left Hand Limits - Limits at Infinity - Infinite Limits. (**no question to be set**)

Continuous Functions - Discontinuity of a Function - Algebra of Continuous Functions - Continuous functions on intervals - Some Properties of Continuity of a function at a point - Uniform Continuity.

#### **Unit IV: Differentiation and Mean Value Theorem**

(14 Hrs)

The Derivability of a function, on an interval, at appoint, Derivability and Continuity of a function - Geometrical meaning of the Derivative - Mean Value Theorems - Rolle's Theorem, Lagrange's Mean Value theorem, Cauchy's Mean Value theorem.

# **Unit V: Riemann Integration**

(14

Hrs)

Riemann sums, Upper and Lower Riemann integrals, Riemann integral, Riemann Integrable function – Darboux's Theorem - Necessary and sufficient conditions for Riemann

integrability – properties of integrable functions – Fundamental Theorem of Integral Calculus – Integral as the limit of a sum – Mean Value Theorems.

Co-Curricular: Assignment, Seminar, Quiz, etc.

(15 Hrs)

# **Additional Inputs:**

- 1. Problems using cauchy's first theorem on limits and cauchy's second theorem on limits.
- 2. Statement of Maclaurin's theorem and expansions of  $e^x$ ,  $\sin x$ ,  $\cos x$ ,  $\log(1+x)$ .

#### Prescribed book:

• Real Analysis by Rabert & Bartely and D. R. Sherbart, published by John Wiley.

#### **Reference books:**

- Elements of Real Analysis by Santhi Nararayan & M. D. Raisinghania, published by S.Chand & Company Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- Course on Real analysis by N. P. Bali Golden series publications.
- A Text Book of Mathematics Semester IV by V. Venkateswarrao & others, published by S.Chand & Company Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi

# BLUE PRINT FOR QUESTION PAPER PATTERN SEMESTER-IV

Unit	TOPIC	V.S.A.Q	S.A.Q	E.Q	Marks allotted
I	Real Number System and Real Sequence	1	1	1	14
II	Infinite Series	1	1	2	22
III	Limits and Continuity	1	1	1	14
IV	Differentiation and Mean Value Theorem	1	1	2	22
V	Riemann Integration	1	1	2	22
	TOTAL	5	5	8	94

V.S.A.Q. = Very short answer questions (1 mark)
S.A.Q. = Short answer questions (5 marks)
E.Q. = Essay questions (8 marks)

Very short answer questions:  $5 \times 1 = 05$ Short answer questions :  $3 \times 5 = 15$ Essay questions :  $5 \times 8 = 40$ ...... Total Marks = 60

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# P.R. Government College (Autonomous), Kakinada II Year, B.Sc., Degree Examinations - IV Semester Mathematics Course: Real Analysis Paper–IV (Model Paper w. e. f. 2018-2019)

Time: 2Hrs 30 min Max. Marks: 60

## **PART-I**

Answer ALL the questions. Each question carries 1 mark.

 $5 \times 1 = 5 M$ 

- 1. Define convergence of a sequence.
- 2. Test the convergence of  $1 \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{4} + \cdots$
- 3. Define continuity of a function at a point.
- 4. Give an example of a function which is continuous but not derivable.
- 5. Evaluate  $\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{1}{n} \left[ e^{\frac{3}{n}} + e^{\frac{6}{n}} + e^{\frac{9}{n}} + \dots + e^{\frac{3n}{n}} \right]$ .

#### PART -II

Answer any THREE questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

 $3 \times 5 = 15 M$ 

- 6. Show that  $\lim_{n \to \infty} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{1}{n^2 + 1}} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{n^2 + 2}} + \dots + \sqrt{\frac{1}{n^2 + n}} \right] = 1.$
- 7. State and Prove Leibnitz's test.
- 8. Examine for continuity the function f defined by f(x) = |x| + |x 1| at 0 and 1.
- 9. Show that every derivable function on a closed interval is continuous.
- 10. State and prove fundamental theorem of Integral Calculus.

#### **PART-III**

Answer any <u>FIVE</u> questions from the following by choosing at least <u>TWO</u> from each section. Each question carries 8 marks.  $5 \times 8 = 40 \text{ M}$ 

#### SECTION - A

- 11. Prove that every monotonically increasing sequence which is bounded above converges to its least upper bound.
- 12. State and Prove Cauchy's n<sup>th</sup> root test for the convergence of series.
- 13. Examine the convergence of  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (\sqrt{n^3 + 1} \sqrt{n^3})$ .
- 14. Prove that every continuous function is bounded and attains its bounds.

#### **SECTION - B**

- 15. State and prove Rolle's theorem.
- 16. Using Lagrange's mean value theorem, prove that  $1 + x < e^x < 1 + xe^x$ ,  $\forall x > 0$ .
- 17. Prove that  $f(x) = \sin x$  is integrable on  $[0, \frac{\pi}{2}]$  and  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin x \, dx = 1$ .
- 18. State the first mean value theorem of integral calculus and by using it prove that

$$\frac{\pi^3}{24} \le \int_0^{\pi} \frac{x^2}{5+3\cos x} \ dx \le \frac{\pi^3}{6}.$$

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